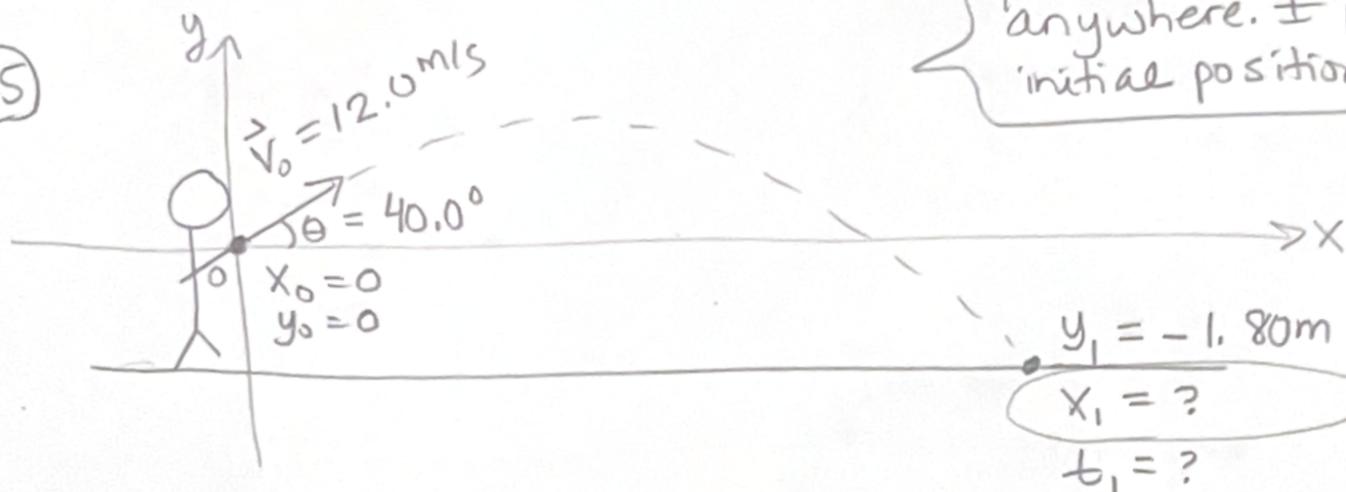


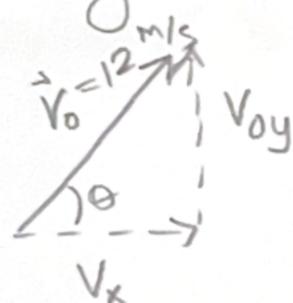


15



You could set the origin anywhere. I put it at the initial position.

1 I know I will need the components of  $\vec{V}_0$ , so I'll do that right away:



$$V_x = V_0 \cos \theta$$

$$V_x = (12 \text{ m/s}) \cos 40^\circ$$

$$V_x = 9.19 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_{oy} = V_0 \sin \theta$$

$$V_{oy} = (12 \text{ m/s}) \sin 40^\circ$$

$$V_{oy} = 7.71 \text{ m/s}$$

2 Find horizontal distance  $x_1$

Analyze from launch to landing.

HORIZ	VERT
$x_i = 0$	$y_i = 0$
$x_f = 16.5 \text{ m}$	$y_f = -1.80 \text{ m}$
$v_x = 9.19 \text{ m/s}$	$v_{iy} = 7.71 \text{ m/s}$
$\Delta t = 1.8 \text{ s}$	$v_{fy} = -9.8 \text{ m/s}$
	$a_y = -10 \text{ m/s}^2$
	$\Delta t = 1.8 \text{ s}$

3 There is not enough information yet to use the HORIZ list to find  $x_1$ , so I will find  $\Delta t$  using the VERTICAL list:

$$y_f = y_i + v_{iy} \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a_y \Delta t^2$$

$$-1.80 \text{ m} = 0 + (7.71 \text{ m/s}) \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} (-10 \text{ m/s}^2) \Delta t^2$$

OH DEAR! Not the quadratic formula!  
I will find  $v_{fy}$  first to avoid that mess!

4 Now I will find  $\Delta t$ :

$$v_{fy} = v_{iy} + a_y \Delta t$$

$$\Delta t = \frac{v_{fy} - v_{iy}}{a_y}$$

$$\Delta t = \frac{-9.8 \text{ m/s} - 7.71 \text{ m/s}}{-10 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

$\Delta t = 1.8 \text{ s}$

$$v_{fy}^2 = v_{iy}^2 + 2a_y \Delta y$$

$$v_{fy}^2 = (7.71 \text{ m/s})^2 + 2(-10 \text{ m/s}^2)(-1.80 \text{ m})$$

$$v_{fy} = \pm 9.8 \text{ m/s}$$

$\therefore v_{fy} = -9.8 \text{ m/s}$

5 Now find  $x_1$ !

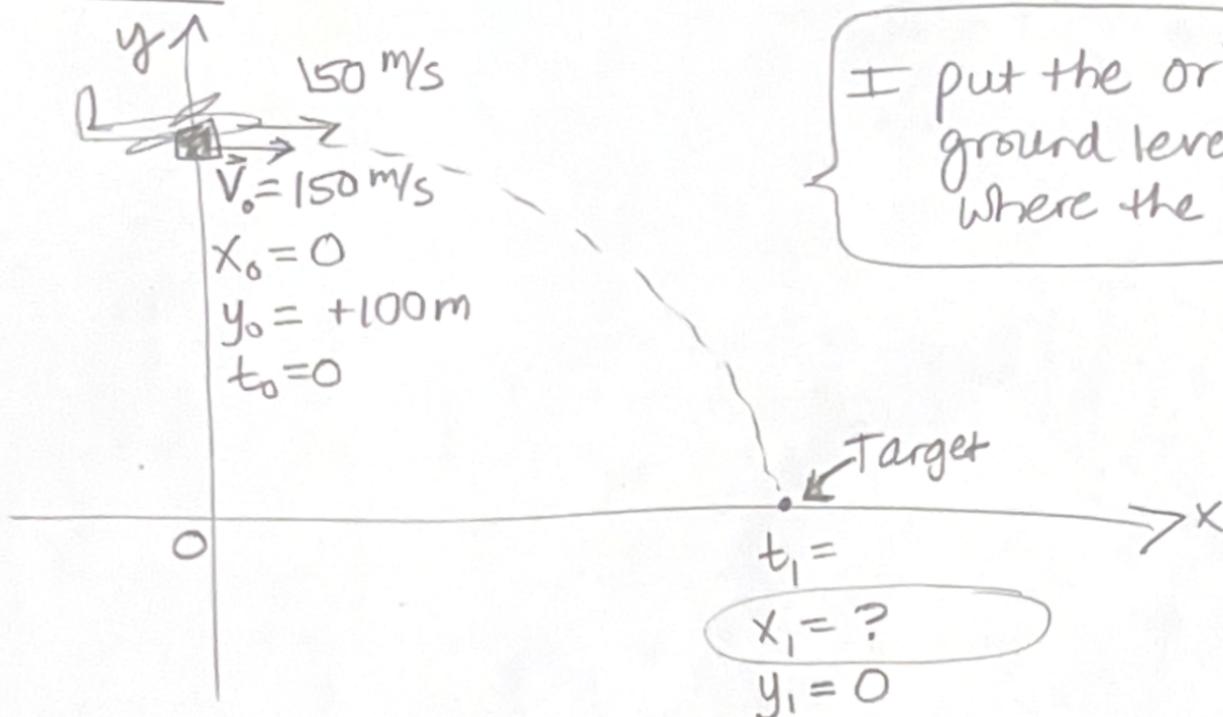
$$x_f = x_i + v_x \Delta t$$

$$x_1 = x_0 + v_x \Delta t$$

$$x_1 = 0 + (9.19 \text{ m/s})(1.8 \text{ s}) = 16.5 \text{ m}$$

It travels 16.5 m

P. 106 #13



I put the origin at the ground level, below the point where the package is released

① Components of  $\vec{V}_0$ ?  $V_x = +150 \text{ m/s}$   
 $V_{oy} = 0 \text{ m/s}$

② Find  $x_1$

Analyze from Launch to Landing ( $t_0$  to  $t_1$ )

HORIZ

$x_i = 0$   
 $x_f = ?$   
 $V_x = 150 \text{ m/s}$   
 $\Delta t =$

VERT

$y_i = +100 \text{ m}$   
 $y_f = 0$   
 $V_{iy} = 0$   
 $V_{fy} =$   
 $a_y = -10 \text{ m/s}^2$   
 $\Delta t =$

$$\Delta t = \sqrt{\frac{-2(100 \text{ m})}{-10 \text{ m/s}^2}}$$

$$\Delta t = 4.47 \text{ s}$$

④ Now I can find  $x_1$  using the HORIZ direction:

$$x_f = x_i + V_x \Delta t$$

$$x_1 = x_0 + V_x \Delta t$$

$$x_1 = 0 + (150 \text{ m/s})(4.47 \text{ s})$$

$$x_1 = 671 \text{ m}$$

③ I know  $\Delta y$ ,  $V_{iy}$ , and  $a_y$ , so I can find  $\Delta t$ .

$$y_f = y_i + V_{iy} \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a_y \Delta t^2$$

$$0 = y_0 + 0(\Delta t) + \frac{1}{2} a_y \Delta t^2$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{-2y_0}{a_y}} = \Delta t$$

The package should be dropped 671m ahead of the target.